- L11 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI SV40 tumor rejection induced by vesicular stomatitis virus bearing SV40 tumor-specific transplantation antigen (SV40-TSTA). I. Specificity of immunoprotection and effect of enzyme treatment on TSTA activity
- AU Ansel, Sandra; Huet, Christian; Tournier, Paul
- Highly purified vesicular stomatitis virus (VSV) was obtained from vsv-infected SV40-transformed hamster cell lines. Immunization with vsv protected hamsters against challenge with SV40-transformed cells. This protection was obtained regardless of the source of the SV40-transformed cells (e.g. cat, rat, hamster) used to produce VSV, and was therefore assocd. with the SV40 tumor-specific transplantation antigen (SV40-TSTA). Furthermore, when grown on spontaneously transformed cell lines or on cells transformed by a different oncogenic DNA virus, such as polyoma virus, the VSV failed to protect against the SV40-induced tumor. It was concluded that the SV40-TSTA activity of purified VSV is due to the incorporation of SV40-TSTA within the viral envelope. When **VSV** was treated with proteolytic enzymes (bromelain, trypsin) no loss of TSTA-induced tumor rejection was obsd., although VSV had lost its ability to induce virus-neutralizing antibody. This clearly demonstrates that the TSTA activity is not related to the viral spikes. Phospholipase C suppressed the TSTA activity but neutralizing activity was still detectable in the anti-VSV serums. Thus, the protection afforded by vsv is highly specific.
- AN 1977:532118 CAPLUS
- DN 87:132118
- TI SV40 tumor rejection induced by vesicular stomatitis
 virus bearing SV40 tumor-specific transplantation
 antigen (SV40-TSTA). I. Specificity of immunoprotection and effect of
 enzyme treatment on TSTA activity
- AU Ansel, Sandra; Huet, Christian; Tournier, Paul
- CS Inst. Rech. Sci. Cancer, Villejuif, Fr.
- SO International Journal of Cancer (1977), 20(1), 51-60 CODEN: IJCNAW; ISSN: 0020-7136
- DT Journal
- LA English

L6 ANSWER 29 OF 41 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 14

TI Oncolytic viruses.

AU Nemunaitis J

- AB Viruses capable of inducing lysis of malignant cells through their replication process are known as "oncolytic" viruses. Clinical trials in oncology have been performed with oncolytic viruses for nearly fifty years. Both systemic and intratumoral routes of administration have been explored. Toxicity has generally been limited to injection site pain, transient fever and tumor necrosis. Responses with early crude materials were usually short in duration; however, recent trials with gene attenuated viruses suggest more prolonged duration to responses observed.
- AN 2000221158 MEDLINE
- DN 20221158 PubMed ID: 10759404
- TI Oncolytic viruses.
- AU Nemunaitis J
- CS PRN Research, Inc., Dallas, TX, USA.
- SO INVESTIGATIONAL NEW DRUGS, (1999) 17 (4) 375-86. Ref: 128 Journal code: 8309330. ISSN: 0167-6997.
- CY United States
- DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 General Review; (REVIEW)
 (REVIEW, ACADEMIC)
- LA English
- FS Priority Journals
- EM 200004
- ED Entered STN: 20000512 Last Updated on STN: 20000512 Entered Medline: 20000428

- L6 ANSWER 30 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- TI Replicating oncolytic viruses: an overview
- AU Kirn, David H.
- AB Unavailable
- AN 1996:375798 CAPLUS
- TI Replicating oncolytic viruses: an overview
- AU Kirn, David H.
- CS Onyx Pharmaceuticals, Richmond, CA, USA
- SO Expert Opin. Invest. Drugs (1996), 5(6), 753-762 CODEN: EOIDER; ISSN: 0967-8298
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L6 ANSWER 31 OF 41 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
- TI ONCOLYTIC VIRUSES AND VIRAL ONCOLYSATES NEW IDEAS.
- AU SINKOVICS J G
- AN 1991:194445 BIOSIS
- DN BR40:91725
- TI ONCOLYTIC VIRUSES AND VIRAL ONCOLYSATES NEW IDEAS.

- AU SINKOVICS J G
- CS COMMUNITY CANCER CENT., ST. JOSEPH'S HOSP., TAMPA, FLA.
- SO 15TH INTERNATIONAL CANCER CONGRESS, HAMBURG, GERMANY, AUGUST 16-22, 1990.

 J CANCER RES CLIN ONCOL. (1990) 116 (SUPPL PART 2), 1094.

 CODEN: JCROD7. ISSN: 0171-5216.
- DT Conference
- FS BR; OLD
- LA English